User Guide for LeDock



Hongtao Zhao, PhD Email: htzhao@lephar.com Website: www.lephar.com

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Citation

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Scoring Function

$$\Delta G_{bind} = \alpha \sum_{i \in lig} (E_i^{vdw} + E_i^{hb}) \Theta(E_{co} - E_i^{vdw} - E_i^{hb}) + \beta(r) \sum_{i \in lig} \sum_{j \in pro} \frac{q_i q_j}{r_{ij}} + \gamma E_{lig}^{strain}$$
(1)

The first term is the sum of vdW interaction E^{vdw} (Eq. 2) and hydrogen bonding energy E^{hb} (Eq. 3), where Θ is the Heaviside step function and E_{co} is the cutoff energy to allow for soft docking. The second term is the electrostatic interaction energy with a distance function $\beta(r)$ accounting for both electrostatic screening and desolvation effects, where q is the partial atomic charge and r is the distance between a pair of atoms. The last term is the ligand conformational strain upon binding, and is contributed by the intra-molecular clash and/or torsion strain. Coefficients α , β and γ were empirically determined by referring to the previous scoring function.¹

$$E_{i}^{vdw} = \sum_{j \in pro} \varepsilon_{ij} \left[\left(\frac{r_{ij}^{\min}}{r_{ij}} \right)^{12} - 2 \left(\frac{r_{ij}^{\min}}{r_{ij}} \right)^{6} \right]$$
(2)
$$E_{i}^{hb} = \sum_{j \in pro} w_{ij} (r_{ij} - r_{co}) \Theta(r_{co} - r_{ij})$$
(3)

where ε and r^{\min} are LJ parameters. E^{hb} runs over hydrogen bonding pairs where r_{co} is the cutoff distance of forming a H-bond, and w is the H-bonding weight to account for a variety of H-bonding strength. Although H-bonding weights may be derived in accordance with H-bond basicity,^{2, 3} they are taken from those previously used to calculate H-bonding penalty upon ligand binding.¹

Usage

\$LeDock Get "Help" information.

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\$LeDock [input file]

Dock small molecules into the protein binding site one by one. The output for each small molecule is written into a file named [Small-molecule-name].dok.

\$LeDock -spli [name].dok

Split the docking poses of a docking output into individual PDB coordinates.

Input

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An input file contains the following information:

```
Receptor<br/>pro.pdbRMSD<br/>1.0Binding pocketx_{min}x_{max}y_{min}y_{max}z_{min}z_{max}Number of binding poses<br/>20Ligands list<br/>ligands.list
```

"Receptor", "Binding pocket", "Number of binding poses", and "Ligands list" are keywords, which shall not be changed.

Receptor

//

Explicit hydrogen atoms should be included in the PDB file. The atom will be read in only when a line starts with "ATOM", so if water molecules, metal ions, cofactors, substrates need to be kept during docking, please ensure the line starting with "ATOM" instead of "HETATM".

The residue name and atom name of a protein shall follow the nomenclature of CHARMM. The original heavy atom name and residue name of a protein in a PDB file directly downloaded from Protein Data Bank shall also be fine. However, please use residue name "HOH" for water molecules, instead of "TIP3".

Section 4 will introduce the program LePro, which can be used to automatically process a PDB file downloaded from Protein Data Bank by removing all water molecules and cofactors, and adding hydrogen atoms to the protein. LePro will also generate a docking input file automatically. Please take a look at the generated protein file and get a flavor of PDB format required for docking.

• RMSD

When multiple docking runs are carried out, one might find some docking poses are very similar. In order to reduce redundancy, a clustering by RMSD can be performed. The recommended value is 1.0 Å.

Binding pocket

The binding pocket is set as a rectangular box. The size of the binding pocket is recommended to include any protein atom within 4 to 6 Å of any heavy atom of a drug-like molecule.

• Number of binding poses

20 by default.

• Ligands list

A file such as "ligands.list" contains all small molecules to be docked. Please prepare your small molecules in SYBYL Mol2 format. A Mol2 file of a small molecule can be directly downloaded from ZINC database (<u>http://zinc.docking.org/</u>). One can use the program LeFrag to split a batch of Mol2 ligands into separate Mol2 files:

\$lefrag -spli batch.mol2

Then to generate a ligand list, one can simply use the following command:

\$ls *mol2 > ligands.list

Using the program LePro to automatically process the protein and

generate an input file for docking

Please download your target protein from Protein Data Bank, and then use the following command:

\$LePro [PDB code].pdb

Two files will be generated. One is "pro.pdb" which can be used for docking. All water molecules, cofactors, and ligands are removed. Since the hydrogen atom of OH group in residues such Tyr, Ser and Thr may have different orientations, please check if the orientation of Hydrogen is correct and if not make changes accordingly.

The second file is "dock.in". The size of the binding site is determined as to include any protein atom within 4 Å of any heavy atom of the biggest ligand. However, this is not necessarily the binding site one might expect. Please ensure a correct binding site. For more information about LePro, please refer to its manual.

Graphic interface

e o o Lephar Research	O Lephar Research LePro LeDock
Protein input: Choose	Protein input: Choose
Protein output: Choose	Docking input: Choose
Dcoking parameters output Choose	Ligand input: Choose
Add Hydrogen	Start docking
Lephar Research Docking Package Copyright 2013 (C) Lephar Research. All Rights Reserved www.lephar.com Save change	Check docking results

Tutorial

Please refer to the tutorial, which includes test cases with detailed explanation and troubleshooting.

References

- 1. Zhao, H.; Huang, D. Hydrogen bonding penalty upon ligand binding. *PLoS One* **2011**, 6, e19923.
- Laurence, C.; Brameld, K. A.; Graton, J.; Le Questel, J. Y.; Renault, E. The pK(BHX) database: toward a better understanding of hydrogen-bond basicity for medicinal chemists. *J. Med. Chem.* 2009, 52, 4073-86.
- 3. Green, A. J.; Popelier, P. L. Theoretical prediction of hydrogen-bond basicity pKBHX using quantum chemical topology descriptors. *J. Chem. Inf. Model.* **2014**, 54, 553-61.